After the Treaty of Versailles had been agreed upon by the Big Four, Wilson had to ask Congress to ratify the Treaty. The most controversial issue was whether or not the U.S. should become a member of the **League of Nations**.

**Henry Cabot Lodge** was the leader of those that did NOT support joining the League of Nations.

Wilson toured the country to try and win support for the League of Nations and the Treaty of Versailles. Unfortunately, Wilson suffered a **Stroke**.

The U.S. **did not** accept the Treaty of Versailles in 1919.

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### Postwar Troubles in the U.S.

For each of the following, summarize WHAT the problem was, and WHY it happened after World War One was over.

1. **Influenza Epidemic**
   - Towards the end of the war, troop movement contributed to a worldwide influenza epidemic.
   - In the U.S. the disease took more than 500,000 lives in 1918 & 1919.
   - Worldwide, the epidemic killed more people than had died in four years of war.

2. **Labor Unrest**
   - During the war, unions & businesses had cooperated to meet production goals. Peace time brought high unemployment, as soldiers came home seeking jobs.
   - Rising prices, unions' demands for higher wages met stiff resistance from management.
   - 1919 - 4 million laborers - 20% of the industrial workforce - went on strike.

3. **Red Scare** Communists - & "Reds" were behind labor unrest. Lenin called for worldwide workers' revolution.
   - 1919 - 1920 "Red Scare" gripped the nation.
   - Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer ordered immigrants with suspected radical views to be deported. Palmer Raids reached their height January 2, 1920 - 4,000 arrested in 33 cities.